

Investigation of Dominant States in Dielectronic Recombination Rates for Fe-Ions

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Dielectronic recombination (DR) cross sections and rate coefficients are calculated for the isonuclear sequence Fe^{Z+} , with $Z = 21, 20, 19, 18, 17$, and 16 , in which L-shell ($2p$ -) excitations are involved during the initial capture. Most of the dominant transitions with $\Delta n \neq 0$, using angular momentum average (AMA) approximation, are considered. It is found that the states $3pnd$ and $3dnd$ contribute most to the rate coefficients. In addition, the rates are found to increase with increasing number of electrons in the ion, (*i. e.* as Z decreases). Moreover, the rate coefficients, α^{DR} , for the studied ions are found to peak around the same energy ($kT = 30$ Ry). A semi-empirical formula for the total rates α is obtained for the $2p$ -excitation with $\Delta n \neq 0$ in the case of Fe^{Z+} ions. On comparing both results, the explicit calculations and the results obtained from the semiempirical formula, good agreement is found. The available results for α^{DR} may be considered as a database for future comparison with experimental and theoretical calculations. Comparison of our results with other results show the effect of the empirical rate formula.

Key words: Electron-Ion Collision; Resonance States; Auger Rates; Radiative Rates; Dielectric Recombination.